平成30年度 一般入学試験問題(Ⅱ期)

英語

注意事項

- 1. 解答用紙には解答欄以外に次の記入欄があるので、監督者の指示に従って、それぞれ正しく記入し、マークしなさい。
 - ①氏名欄

氏名・フリガナを記入しなさい。

②空欄

「年月日欄」の右横の空欄に「英語」と記入しなさい。

③番号欄

受験番号を左詰めで記入し、さらにその下のマーク欄にマークしなさい。

- 2. この冊子は、問題が 13 ページあります。
- 3. 試験中に印刷の不鮮明、落丁・乱丁あるいは解答用紙の汚れ等に気付いた場合は、手を挙げて監督者に申し出てください。
- 4. 受験番号が正しくマークされていない場合、採点できないことがあります。
- 5. 解答は、解答用紙の解答欄にマークしなさい。たとえば、<u>10</u>と表示のある 問いに対して3と解答する場合は、(例)のようにマークしなさい。

(例)	解答 番号	解答記入欄		
	10	0 2 0 4 5 6 7 8 9 0		

- 6. 問題冊子の余白等は適宜利用してよいが、どのページも切り離してはいけません。
- 7. 試験終了後、問題冊子は持ち帰ってください。

		の空所 <u>1</u> か から④のうちから		はまるもっとも適当な語 7しなさい。	
問 1	Yukiko is a good cook. When she was young, she was often in the1 with her mother.				
	① park	② school	③ library	④ kitchen	
問 2	These shirts are	very 2. You	u need to wash the	em again.	
	① clean	② tidy	③ dirty	④ pretty	
問3	The 3 of t	he trip to Okinawa	a was about ¥50,0	00.	
	① cost	② money	③ cash	④ wallet	
問 4	After a long disc	ussion, we 4	that Henry's pla	n was the best.	
	① finished	② concluded	③ solved	④ made	
問 5	5 The bus is stuck in a 5 jam. I am going to be late for class.				
	① trouble	② road	③ traffic	④ signal	
問 6	I was really hungry. So I had two eggs, a large salad, and three 6 of bread for lunch.				
	① pairs	② cups	③ sheets	④ slices	
問 7	I often ask him f person.	or help because I	trust him 7	. He is such a reliable	
	1 physically	② slightly	③ politely	(4) completely	
問8	Please 8 a	digital picture to	your e-mail whene	ever you can.	
	① receive	② attach	③ decide	4 connect	

問 9	He doesn't hate you. 9 , he really likes you.		
	① On the contrary	② As a result	
	③ To no purpose	④ By all means	
問 10	Donald had a lot of money but did	not know much about business.	
	So everyone 10 him when he tried the stock market.		
	① caught up with	② made sense of	
	③ took advantage of	④ ran away with	

	問 1 から問 15 の空所 <u>11</u> から <u>25</u> を埋めるのにもっとも適当な語句を それぞれ下の①から④のうちから 1 つ選び、マークしなさい。				
問 1	It 11 a lot 1 is raining	in June in Tokyo. ② rain	③ raining	④ rains	
問 2	It is very kind ① of	12 her to take ② to	e such a good care ③ for	of us. ④ with	
問3	Michael didn't h	nave a cellphone, s ② hers	so Mary lent him	13 . ④ she's	
問 4	14 the beg	ginning was boring ② Although	g, I thought the mo	ovie as a whole was OK. ④ When	
問 5	I saw a child ① to cross	the road by crossed	himself. ③ crossing	4 had crossed	
問 6	Ms. Nakamura i	s a pianist 16 ② who	father is a famou	us actor. ④ which	
問7	The train was ① less crowded ③ more crowded		a, so I had to stand a much crowded a least crowded	ed	
問8	How many time 1 have Germany 3 has Germany		orld Cup? ② Germany has ④ Germany wor		
問 9	Jeff doesn't thir	nk that Lisa will co	ome to the party. I	don't think so, 19.	

問 10	If James didn't spend so carelessly, he 20 a lot of money.				
	① could save	② saves	③ will save	④ may save	
問 11	We all enjoyed	21 the baseba	all game last night		
	① watching	② to watch	③ watch	④ to be watching	
問 12	She hopes to par	ticipate 22 t	he 2020 Tokyo Ol	ympics.	
	① at	② on	③ in	4 to	
問 13	The entire world election.	was surprised	23 the result of	f American presidential	
	① by	② to	③ on	④ at	
問 14	My grandparents	s 24 in Kyoto	o for thirty years n	ext year.	
	① will live		② will have lived		
	3 would live		4 would have liv	ved	
問 15	Our shop manage	er insisted that the	meeting 25	held next week.	
	① be	② is	③ was	④ to be	

				
A 《Maria は友人の Shota と漫画喫茶で話をしています。》				
Maria: Who is your favorite manga artist?				
Shota: 26 He died in 1989, but he is still admired by many people.				
Maria: I know about him! 27 I was really impressed by it.				
Shota: Wow! Could you read Japanese then?				
Maria: 28 The manga was translated into English.				
It was very popular among my classmates.				
Shota: Have you read Phoenix? It is considered to be Tezuka's masterpiece.				
Maria: 29				
Shota: You should try reading it in Japanese. It is sold in many book stores.				
Maria: 30				
Press. 一部改変				
会話文Aの選択肢群				
① No, I couldn't.				
② I like Osamu Tezuka the best.				
(3) No. I haven't				

- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{4}}$ I read Black Jack when I was a high school student.
- ⑤ That's a good idea.

B《Chris は、友人の Ana に話しかけます。》

Chris: Hi, Ana. I'm going to the café. 31 I'd love to, but I have to study. I have a test tomorrow. Ana: Chris: 32 Ana: It's a math test. 33 You don't need to study! Chris: Ana: I really do! Chris: Oh. come on. I really should read these books... Ana: Ana, you shouldn't work so hard. 34 Chris:

You have to learn how to relax!

Ana: OK.

Chris: 35

Ana: But I really shouldn't…

[出所: Wilson, K. (2011). Smart Choice. Oxford University Press. 一部改变]

会話文 B の選択肢群

- ① What kind of test?
- ② It's unhealthy.
- ③ Great!
- 4 Do you want to come?
- ⑤ But you're so good at math.

Ⅳ 次の英文は、脳と利き腕について書かれた文章です。よく読んで下記の問いに 答えなさい。

Leonardo da Vinci^{*1}, Prince William, and Julia Roberts^{*2} have something in common. What is it? They are all left-handed! Today about 15 percent of the population is left-handed. But why are people left-handed? The answer may be in the way the brain works.

Our brain is like a message center. Each second, the brain receives more than a million messages from our body and knows what to do with them. People think that the weight of the brain tells how intelligent you are, but this isn't true. Albert Einstein's brain weighed 1,375 grams, but less intelligent people may have heavier brains. What is important is the quality of the brain. The brain has two halves—the right brain and the left brain. Each half is about the same size. The right half controls the left side of the body, and the left half controls the right side of the body. $_{7}$ (stronger, the, is usually, other, than, one half). One half of the brain becomes stronger when you are a child and usually stays the stronger half for the rest of your life.

The left side of the brain controls the right side of the body, so when the (A) brain is stronger, the right hand will be strong and the person may be right-handed. The left-half controls speaking, so a person with a strong (B) brain may become a good speaker, professor, lawyer, or salesperson. A person with a strong left brain may have a strong idea of time, and will probably be punctual. The person may be strong in math and logic and may like to have or do things in order. He or she may be practical and safe. If something happens to the (C) side of the brain, the person may have problems speaking and may not know what day it is. The (D) side of his or her body will become weak.

When the right side of the brain is stronger, the person will have a strong left hand and may be left-handed. The person may prefer art, music, and literature. The person may become an artist, a writer, an inventor, a film director, or a photographer. The person (but, remember, faces, may, not, recognize) names. The person may not love numbers or business. The person may like to use his or her feelings and not look at logic and (E) is practical. If there is an accident to the right side of the brain, the person may not know where he or she is and may not be able to do simple

hand movements.

This does not mean that all artists are left-handed and all accountants are right-handed. There are many exceptions. Some right-handers have a strong right brain, and some left-handers have a strong left brain. The best thing would be to use both right and left side of the brain. There are people who learn to do two things at the same time. They can answer practical questions on the telephone (which uses the left brain) and at the same time play the piano (which uses the right brain), but this is not easy to do!

[出所: Broukal, M. (2015). Weaving It Together. Cengage Learning. 一部改变]

問1 下線部アが「片方の半分が、通常もう片方より強い」という意味を表すように、選択肢の語句を並べ替え、英文を完成させなさい。ただし、解答欄には 36 と 37 の位置にくる語句の番号のみをマークしなさい。なお、文頭のアルファベットも小文字で示されています。

36	37	
① stronger	② the	③ is usually
(4) other	(5) than	(6) one half

[[]注] *1 Leonardo da Vinci: レオナルド・ダ・ビンチ

^{*2} Julia Roberts: ジュリア・ロバーツ 女優

^{*3} Albert Einstein: アルバート・アインシュタイン

問 2	(A), (B),	(C), (D)に入る語の組み	合わせと	してもっとも	適当なも	
	のを下の①から④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。解答番			解答番号			
	は 38						
	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)			
	① left	right	left	right			
	② left	left	left	right			
	③ right	left	left	right			
	④ left	left	right	left			
問3	下線部イが「その						
	しれない」とい						
	さい。ただし、角	経答欄には 3	9 と 40 0)位置にく	る語の番号の	みをマー	
	クしなさい。						
	The person	39	[] [40	names		
	① but	(2) re	emember	③ fa	aces		
	4 may	⑤ n			ecognize		
	· may	9 11	Οί	© 16	ecognize		
問 4	(E)に入るも	っとも適当な詞	吾を下の①から④	のうちかり	ら 1 つ選び、	その番号	
	をマークしなさい						
	① that						
	② which						
	③ such						
	④ what						

- 問 5 下線部ウの意味としてもっとも適切なものはどれですか。下の①から④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。解答番号は 42
 - ① これは、左利きの人が必ず芸術家で、右利きの人が必ず会計士であるという ことではない
 - ② このことは、左利きの芸術家と右利きの会計士のことをいっているのではない
 - ③ これは、すべての芸術家は左利きですべての会計士は右利きだ、ということではない
 - ④ このことは、すべての芸術家が左利きなわけではないが、すべての会計士は 右利きであることを意味する
- 問 6 本文の内容と<u>異なっているもの</u>を下の①から④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。解答番号は<u>43</u>
 - ① The weight of the brain does not tell how intelligent you are.
 - ② A left-handed person may possibly become an artist.
 - ③ A person with a strong right brain is usually on time.
 - ④ Some people can use both sides of the brain at the same time.

V 次の英文は、positive people についての文章です。よく読んで下記の問いに答 えなさい。

Positive people are usually happy. They often have a lot of friends. When they have a problem, they try to change the problem into an opportunity. They believe things always work (A). But can positive thinking really make someone's life better? Many scientists are studying positive thinking. They are finding (B) some very interesting information.

The Mayo Clinic is a famous medical organization in the United States. It studies many things, $_{7}$ including positive thinking. Their research says that positive thinking has many benefits. First, positive thinking supports good health. Positive people don't worry about the bad events in life, so they stay healthy. ($^{\circ}$ C), positive people are likely to exercise and eat healthy foods. Because of this, they don't usually get sick and don't have many health problems.

Dr. Michael Frese is a professor at the University of Giessen in Germany. His research shows that positive people do well in jobs. There are several reasons for this. Positive people are creative. abla They don't expect other people to help them with problems. They solve problems themselves. And positive people don't give up. They keep trying to solve a problem. Positive people also like to learn new things, so they study and take classes. Their new knowledge and skills make them better workers.

Positive thinking helps in sports. Judy McDonald, a researcher at the University of Ottawa, studied successful athletes. Top athletes are positive thinkers. She wrote, "It goes beyond confidence." They never feel like failures. They never give up. They like to practice their sports and always want to get better. Also, before they do an action, they "see" themselves do it correctly. This is called visualization. These athletes believe they are going to win.

In the past, scientists thought attitudes never changed. Now, many psychologists think people can become more positive. There are many different ways to change. Here are some examples. First, think about good events in your life. At the end of a day, ask, "What good things happened to me today?" Think about these things for a few minutes. Second, find fun activities to do. Laugh at a funny movie or read a good book. Finally, always try new things. For example, $\frac{1}{2}$ you can (people, don't, talk, know, to, you) or shop in a different store. Do different things every

day.

Life can be difficult sometimes. Don't give up and be negative. Take action. Think about the future and make a plan. You can learn to be positive.

[出所: Lynn, S. (2011). Skills for Success. Oxford University Press. 一部改变]

- 問 1 (A) と (B) には同じ語が入ります。もっとも適当なものはどれですか。 下の①から④のうちから 1 つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。解答番号は $\boxed{44}$
 - ① through
 - ② into
 - ③ out
 - 4 over
- 問2 下線部アの including の下線部と同じ発音を含む語は次のどれですか。下の① から④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。解答番号は 45
 - ① opport<u>u</u>nity
 - ② support
 - ③ failure
 - $\textcircled{4} \ f\underline{u} n$
- 問3 (C)に入るもっとも適当な語句を下の①から④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。解答番号は 46
 - ① For example
 - ② Nevertheless
 - ③ However
 - 4 Also

- 問4 下線部イの意味としてもっとも適当なものはどれですか。下の①から④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。解答番号は 47
 ① 彼らは、他人の助けで問題を解決しようとは思わない
 ② 彼らは、他人が困難を抱えた人々を助けてくれるとは思っていない
 ③ 彼らは、問題のある他人が自分に助けを求めることを期待しない
 ④ 彼らは、他の人々が自分で自分のことを解決できるとは思っていない
- 問5 下線部ウが「あなたは、知らない人と話すことだってできます」という意味を表すように、選択肢の語を並べ替え、英文を完成させなさい。ただし、解答欄には 48 と 49 の位置にくる語の番号のみをマークしなさい。

you can[48	49
① people	② don't	③ talk
④ know	⑤ to	6 you

- 問 6 本文の内容と合っているものを下の①から④のうちから1つ選び、その番号を マークしなさい。解答番号は<u>50</u>
 - ① Positive people often ask for help from other people.
 - ② Successful athletes believe in themselves and visualize themselves winning.
 - ③ Positive people are usually healthy because they go to see a doctor at a famous medical clinic.
 - 4 Bad things never happen to positive people.

以下余白